

Interdisciplinary data collection for empirical community-level recovery modelling

Blythe Johnston, Lisa Wang, John W. van de Lindt, Mojtaba Harati, Katie Skakel, and Tu Nguyen

Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO, USA

Shane Crawford, Thang Dao, and Chibuike Robinson

University of Alabama

Grace Yan

Missouri University of Science and Technology

Trung Do

University of South Alabama

Jarrod Loerzel

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Andre Barbosa

Oregon State University

Silvana Croope

Federal Emergency Management Agency

Contact: blythe.johnston@colostate.edu

Abstract

The Center of Excellence for Risk-Based Community Resilience Planning (CoE) has begun to provide analyses on damage, functionality loss, recovery, etc. at the community level for a suite of possible hazard events via the Interdependent Networked Community Resilience Modelling Environment (IN-CORE). These analyses are instrumental to leveraging state of the art science in community decision-making; however, for this work to be as actionable as possible, the outputs must be validated for a range of implementation contexts and communities. The work presented here describes a longitudinal study of a series of communities impacted to varying degrees by a tornado outbreak in December of 2021 and the way in which this longitudinal data will be used to validate models in IN-CORE. This longitudinal study is still underway as it serves to capture recovery data for three years following the event.

Keywords: Interdisciplinary disaster research; resilience modelling; natural hazards; field study; social vulnerability